$\varphi$  may contain exactly 3 symbols.

Circle 'T' if the statement is true. Circle 'F' if the statement is false. Assume that  $\varphi$  is a WFF of SL.

1. (20 marks)

T

True or false?

- All arguments are either valid or unsound.
- All good arguments are sound arguments.  $\varphi$  might not be an expression of SL.
- If  $\varphi$  contains exactly 5 symbols then  $\varphi$  contains a two-place connective. The antecedent of " $(D \rightarrow (C \lor D))$ " is "D".

There is a valid argument with a hidden assumption and a true conclusion

- The scope of " $\vee$ " in " $\sim (A \vee B)$ " is " $(A \vee B)$ ". F
- The word "bank" is not lexically ambiguous. Logic is a science which tells us how people actually reason.
- 2. (5 marks)
  - Circle each expression of SL below.
  - $((Q \rightarrow A) \& A)$

 $(((A \leftrightarrow A) \leftrightarrow (\sim B \lor A)) \lor \sim (B \leftarrow C)))$ 

/5

- 3. Make a truth table for each of the following WFFs of SL. (20 marks)
  - a.  $(B \lor (B \to B))$  T T T T TF T F T F
  - b. ((A&B) ↔ ~A) TTT F F TFF T F FFT F T FFT F T
  - c.  $((A\&B) \rightarrow (A \lor B))$   $\uparrow \uparrow \uparrow \uparrow$   $\uparrow \uparrow \uparrow \uparrow$   $\uparrow \uparrow \uparrow \uparrow$   $\uparrow \uparrow \uparrow \uparrow$   $\uparrow \uparrow \uparrow \uparrow$  $\uparrow \uparrow \uparrow \uparrow$

4. (16 marks)

Fill in the blanks with a WFF of SL to make correct truth tables.

Any UWF logically equivalent to the suggested answer a.

~(~A & B) / (B → A) B $\boldsymbol{A}$  $\mathbf{T}$ T  $\mathbf{T}$  $\mathbf{T}$ F T  $\mathbf{F}$ F  $\mathbf{T}$ F F

b.

A	В	C	((AE)C)&AB) V (A & ~ (BE)	c)
Т	Т	Т	F	
Т	Т	F	F	
Т	F	Т	T	G
Т	F	F	F	Ľ
F	Т	Ť	F	
F	Т	F	Ť	
F	F	Т	T	
F	F	F	T	

c. For this one, don't write " $(B \lor \sim B)$ " or " $(\sim B \lor B)$ ".

В	(B → B)	*3 %
Т	Т	
F	T	

4.1	12	01
λŧ	Selection	Fill

u.			
. A	B	C	((1(A6)B)X 1C) V (1A21B))
T	T	Т	F
Т	Т	F	F
Т	F	T	F
Т	F	F	Т
F	Т	Т	F
F	Т	F	Т
F	F	Т	Т
F	F	F	Tarre A. VI
F	F	F	Tarra A-

/16

5. (12 marks) Suppose that "#" is a new connective added to SL. Here is the truth table for "((A#B)#A)":

A	В	((A#B)#A)
Т	Т	T
Т	F	F
F	Т	Т
F	F	Т

Write down a correct truth table for "(A#B)":

-1 for not preserving
as much structure as possible

6. (10 marks)

Translate the following statements into SL, preserving as much structure as possible. Be sure to write down your translation scheme.

(a) If I swim I will float, but otherwise I'll be home later.

$$((S \rightarrow F) \qquad V \qquad L) \qquad or$$

$$((S \rightarrow F) \qquad V \qquad (\land (S \rightarrow F) \rightarrow L)) \qquad or$$

$$((S \rightarrow F) \qquad V \qquad (\land (S \rightarrow F) \nearrow L))$$

(b) Jason will not meet you, unless you are late.

$$(\land M \lor L)$$
  
 $(M \to L)$ 

(c) Either Jason or Lee ate lunch.

(d) Provided that Lee comes, I won't eat and I won't drink.

$$(L \Rightarrow ( \land E \& \land D)) \text{ or }$$

$$((\land E \& \land D) \Rightarrow L)$$

(e) If you think I am crazy, then you should go there only if you are not afraid.

6

$$(C \rightarrow (G \rightarrow \wedge F))$$

- 7. (5 marks)
- 1. Write down an unsound valid argument with exactly one premise, and where the conclusion is different from the premise.

All pigs are cockroaches.

$$1+1=2$$
 $(5)$ 

2. Explain why your argument is unsound..

BIC the premise is false.

2pts

8. (12 marks)

Assume that each of the following three statements is true:

D: I will become a doctor. I: I will learn Russian . If I will not become a doctor, then I will learn both Russian and Italian.

I will learn Russian. R: I will learn Russian

Either I will become a doctor and I will learn neither Russian nor Italian, or I will not become a doctor and I will learn both Russian and Italian.

1. Translate each of the three statements into SL, preserving as much structure as possible. Be sure to write down your translation scheme.

20 UNT

R

6 pts

2. Will I become a doctor?

No.